

1 Mixture of multivariate Bernoullis EM

Consider a unsupervised mixture of multivariate Bernoullis model. For each data example n , we have D binary values x_{nj} , we assume there is an unobserved cluster indicator $y_n \in \{1 \dots K\}$, and that $P(x_{nj} \sim \text{Ber}(\mu_{y_n,j}))$. In this problem, you will show how to fit this model using EM.

1. Using the definition of arbitrary distributions $q_n(y_n)$, write the evidence lower bound $Q(\theta, \{q_n\})$. Simplify as much as you can.
2. Using Bayes rule, write an expression that can be used to calculate the cluster responsibility $r_{nk} = P(y_n = k|\theta)$
3. Show that the M step for ML estimation of a mixture of multivariate Bernoullis is given by

$$\mu_{kj} = \frac{\sum_n r_{nk} x_{nj}}{\sum_n r_{nk}}$$

4. Show that the M step for MAP estimation of a mixture of multivariate Bernoullis with a $Beta(\alpha, \beta)$ prior is given by

$$\mu_{kj} = \frac{(\sum_n r_{nk} x_{nj}) + \alpha - 1}{(\sum_n r_{nk}) + \alpha + \beta - 2}$$

2 Adding a new feature in least-squares regression

Let $RSS(w) = \|Xw - y\|_2^2$ be the residual sum of squares.

- a. Show that

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial w_k} RSS(w) &= a_k w_k - c_k \\ a_k &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_{ik}^2 = 2 \|x_{:,k}\|^2 \\ c_k &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_{ik} (y_i - w_{-k}^T x_{i,-k}) = 2 x_{:,k}^T r_k \end{aligned}$$

where $w_{-k} = w$ without component k , $x_{i,-k}$ is x_i without component k , and $r_k = y - w_{-k}^T x_{:, -k}$ is the residual due to using all the features except feature k . Hint: Partition the weights into those involving k and those not involving k .

- b. Show that if $\frac{\partial}{\partial w_k} RSS(w) = 0$, then

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$$\hat{w}_k = \frac{x_{:,k}^T r_k}{\|x_{:,k}\|^2}$$

Hence when we sequentially add features, the optimal weight for feature k is computed by computing orthogonally projecting $x_{:,k}$ onto the current residual.