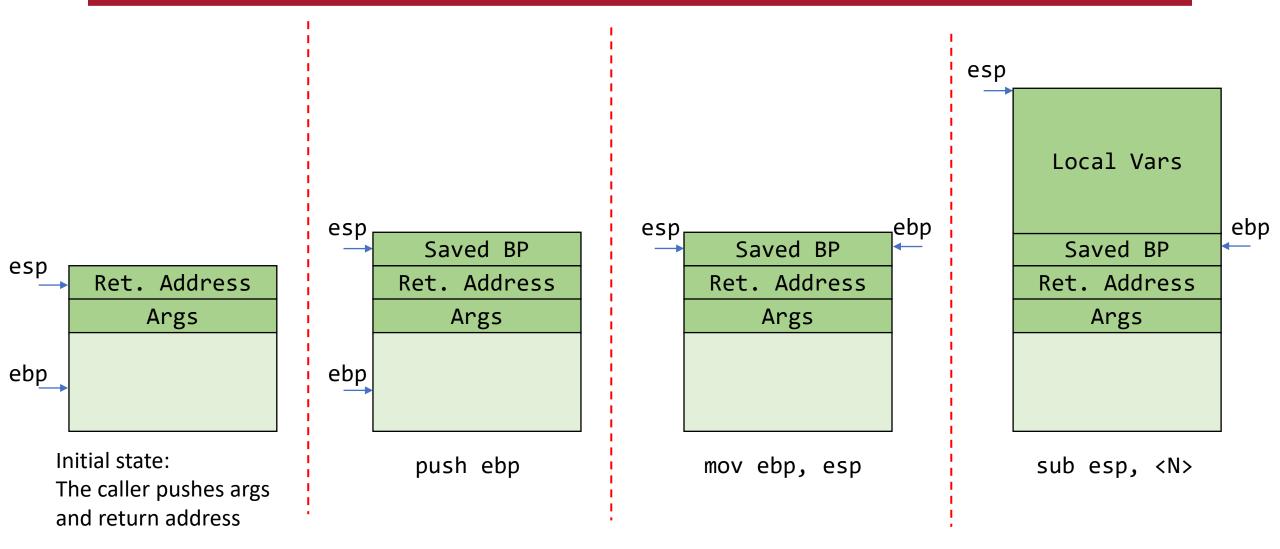


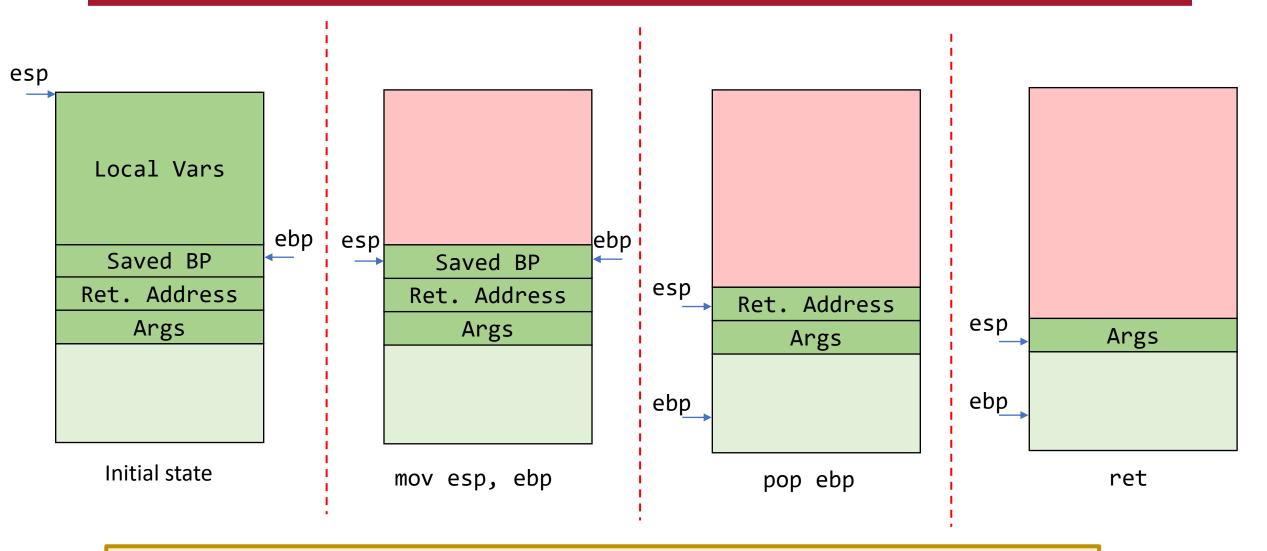
Cybersecurity Lab II

#### **Return-oriented Programming**

## **Recall: Function Prologue**



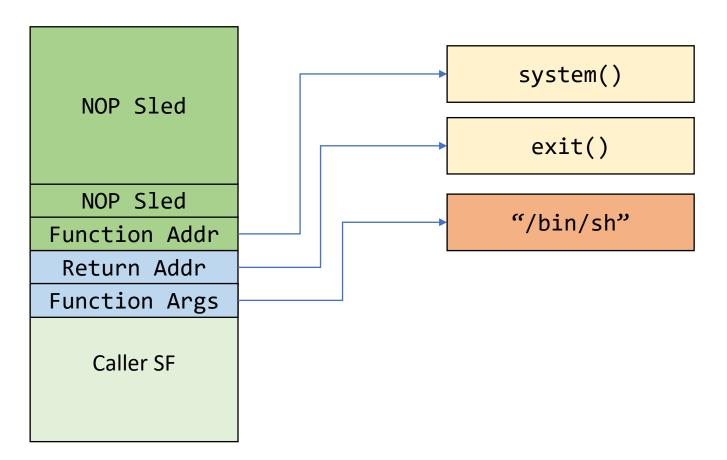
# **Recall: Function Epilogue**



With ret instruction, the next instruction to be executed depends on a value in the stack

# Return-to-libc: Recap

- Bypasses the X^W (NOEXEC) defenses
- No need to inject code to the stack!



## **Return-to-libc: Limitations**

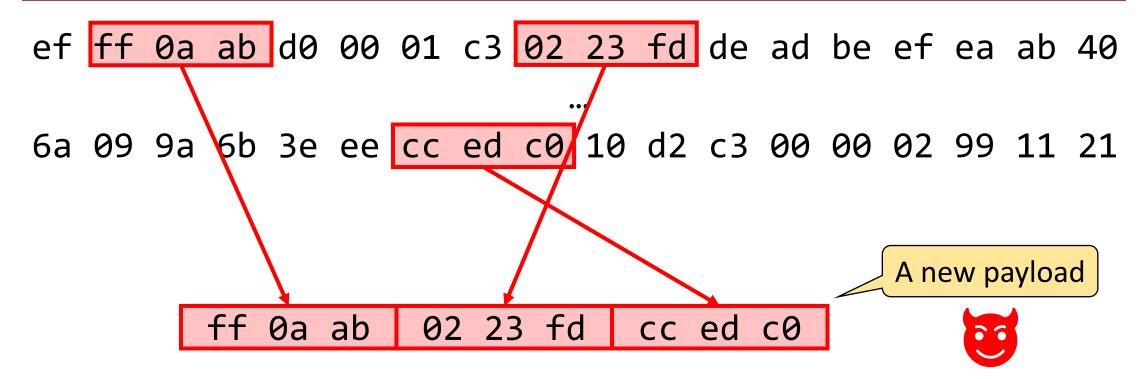
- The attacker cannot execute arbitrary code!
  - All-or-nothing functions
- It depends on functions that exist in libc
  - Proposals to remove system function

### Return-oriented Programming (ROP)



CMPT 733

#### **Return-oriented Programming (ROP)**

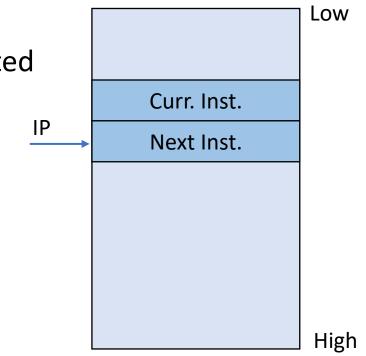


# Return-oriented Programming (ROP)

- A generalization to return-to-libc
- Doesn't need to call a function
  - Is not affected by libc modifications
- Based on unintended instruction sequences
  - Is not affected by compiler/assembler modifications
- Turing-complete language
  - Can execute any logic

# Traditional Execution Model

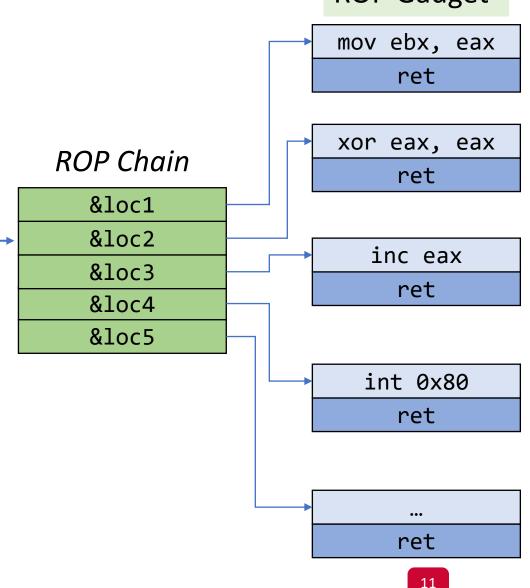
- A special register called IP:
  - Points to the **next instruction** to be fetched and executed
- Automatically incremented
- If we change IP  $\rightarrow$  we change the program flow!



# **ROP Execution Model**

**ROP Gadget** 

- Each entry is a location/address to an instruction sequence
- esp points to the **next location** to be executed/fetched
- esp is not automatically incremented
- We use ret to increment esp
  - Each sequence should end with a ret
- If we change esp → we change the program flow!



# **ROP Gadget**

• Short sequence of instructions



- A ROP Gadget is not special when is executed in isolation
  - But executing sequence of gadgets can form any code we want!
- They are *unintended* 
  - The assembler/compiler didn't mean to put them this way



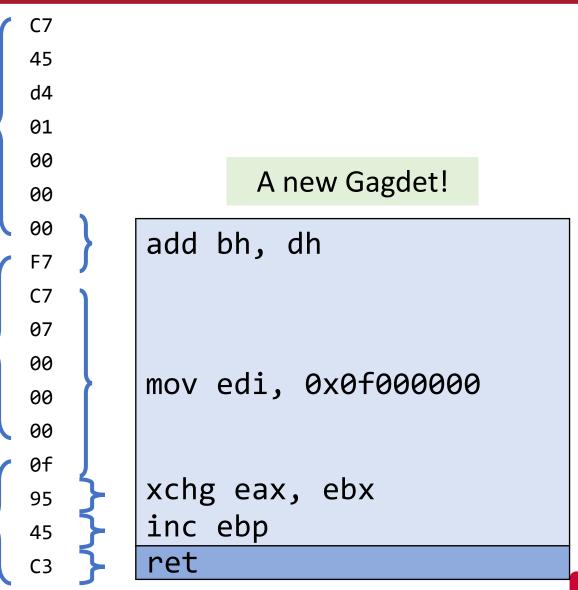
mov	ebx,	eax
	ret	

### Unintended ROP Gadgets: Example

mov [ebp-44], 0x00000001

test edi, 0x00000007

setnz BYTE [ebp-61]



# Searching for ROP Gadgets

- Uses a trie to store found gadgets in a binary
  - Any suffix of an inst. seq. is also a valid sequence
  - The frequency of an instruction doesn't matter
- Any code location has a ret is a potential ROP gadget
- 1. Start the search *backward* from a 0xc3 instruction (i.e., ret)
- 2. If a *valid instruction* is found  $\rightarrow$  Add it to the trie
- 3. Continue the search from that instruction

### Manual Gadget Hunting

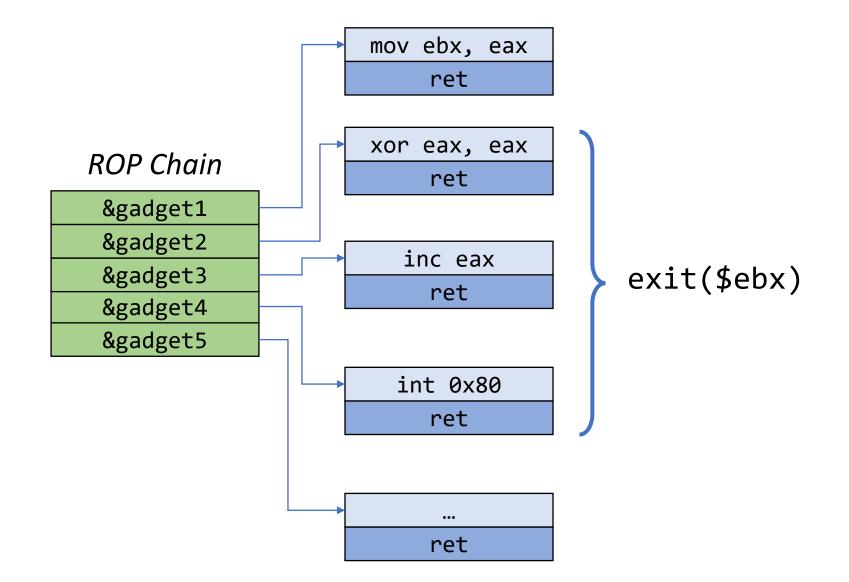
objdump -d -M intel <binary> | grep -B 2 ret

ropper

# **Automated Gadget Hunting**

• ROPGadget...

#### Start the Attack

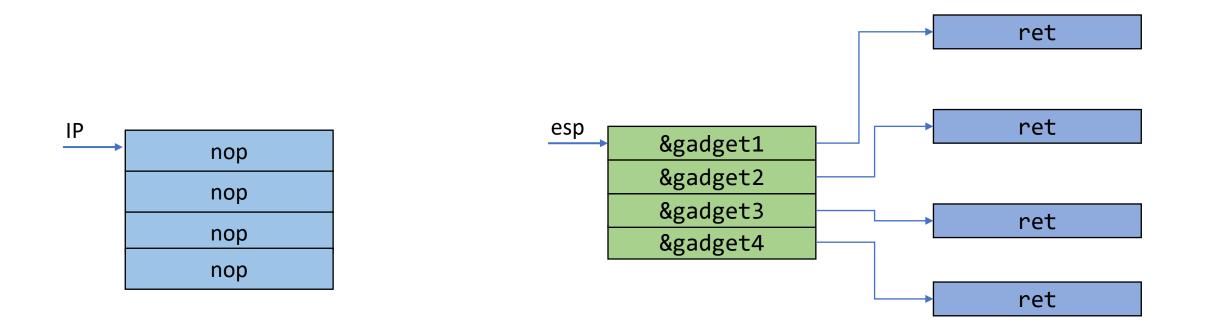


# Start the Attack

- We need to control esp
- Rewrite the Stack:
  - How?
- Move the Stack
  - E.g., the Frame Pointer overwrite attack!

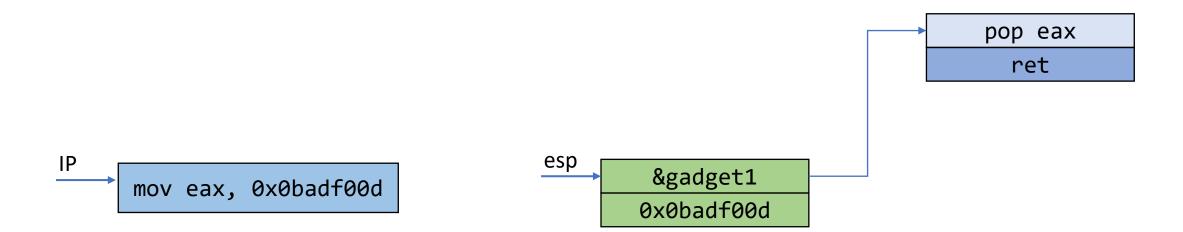
What can gadgets do?

#### NOP

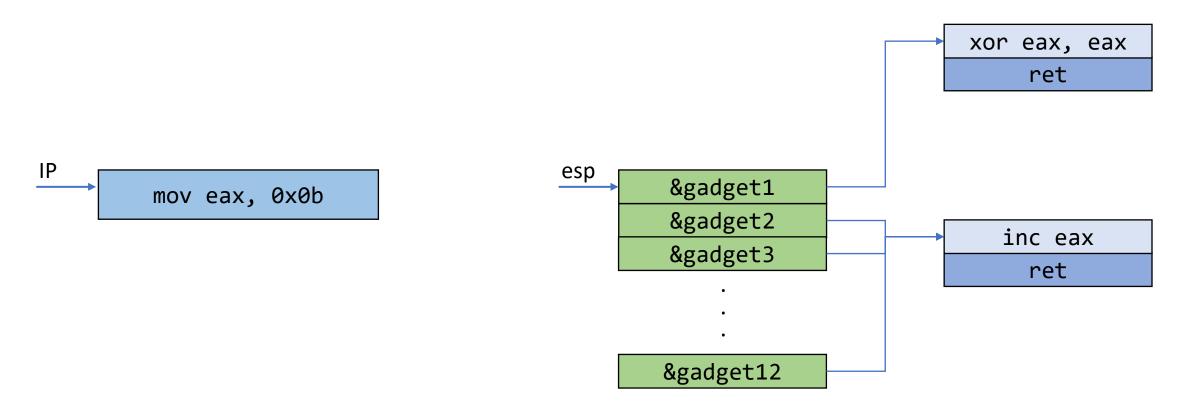


When the first inst. is being executed, esp points to the next 4 bytes.

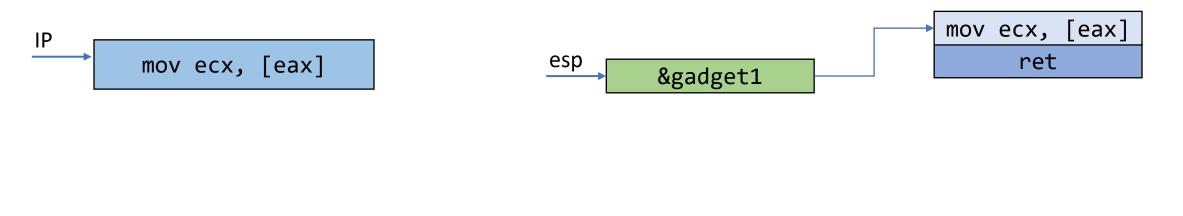
### Load a Value to Register

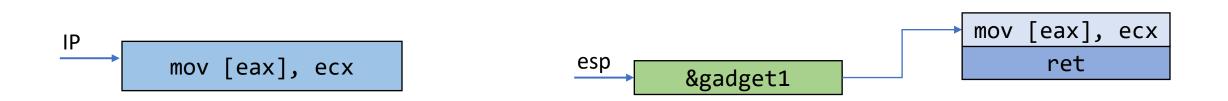


#### Load a Small Value to Register

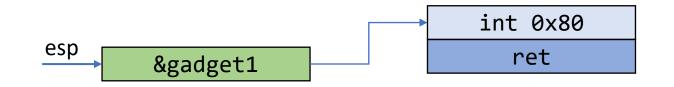


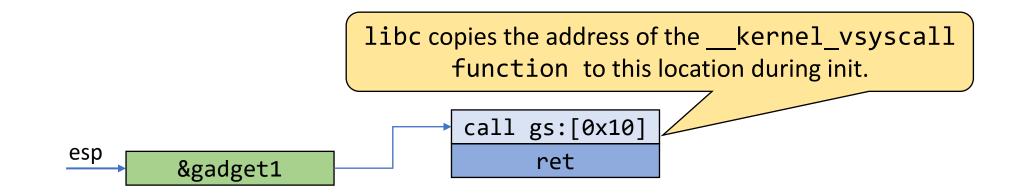
### Load/Store From/Into Memory



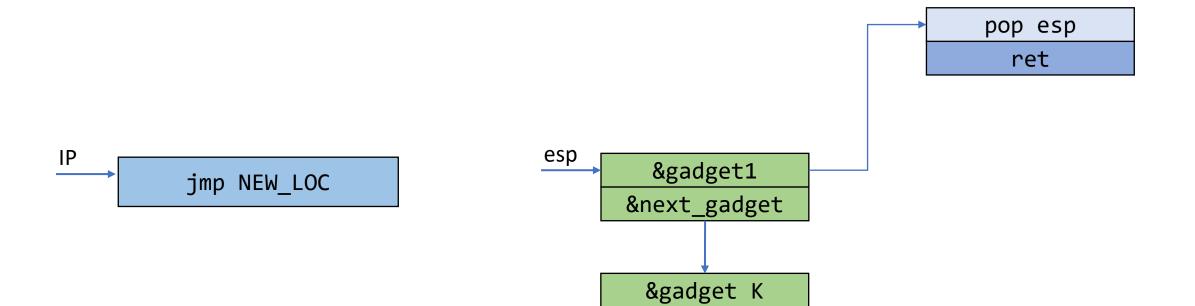


# System Call





### **Control Flow**

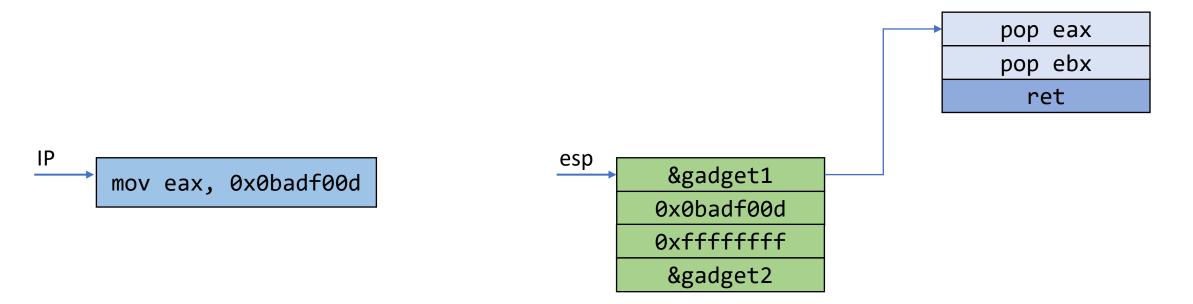


# **Practical Issues**

- You may find:
  - Unwanted instructions  $\rightarrow$  You need to reverse their impact
  - A gadget that modifies the stack  $\rightarrow$  Avoid
  - A gadget within another gadget  $\rightarrow$  Can you use it?

### Unwanted Instructions (1)

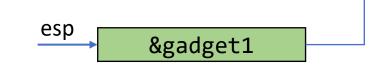
- You need to execute: pop eax; ret;
- But you only found: pop eax; pop ebx; ret;

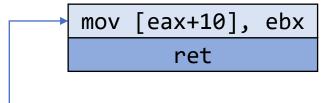


# Unwanted Instructions (2)

- You need to execute: mov [eax], ebx; ret;
- But you only found: mov [eax+10], ebx; ret;
- Say the destination address is X
- eax should be X-10

IP		
	mov [eax], ebx	





# Gadgets to Avoid

- Gadgets that modify ebp
  - leave; ret;
  - pop ebp; ret;
- Function calls are relative to ebp

mov esp, ebp

pop ebp

# Gadgets within gadgets

• You're looking for pop ebx; ret;

Gadgets information

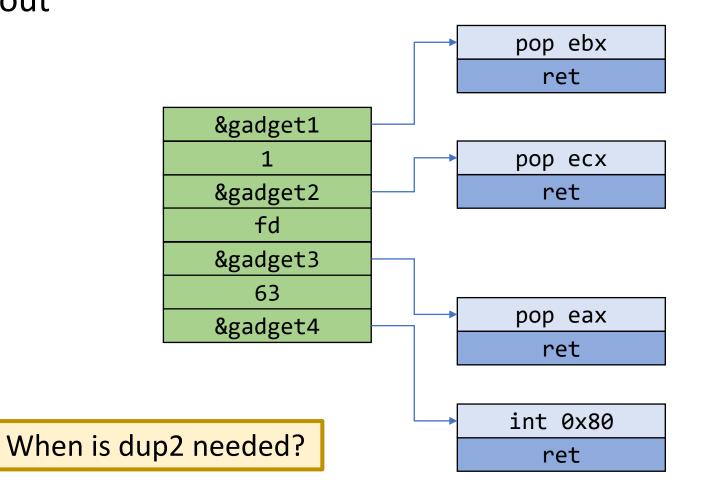
0x080486e9 : adc al, 0x41 ; ret0x080484ae : adc al, 0x50 ;
call edx
0x080484d2 : adc byte ptr [eax + 1], bh ; leave ; ret
0x08048427 : adc cl, cl ; ret0x08048488 : add al, 8 ; add
ecx, ecx ; ret
...
0x080485cf : xor ebx. dword ptr [edx] ; add byte ptr [eax],

al; add esp, 8 pop ebx; ret Can we use this one?

Unique gadgets found: 87

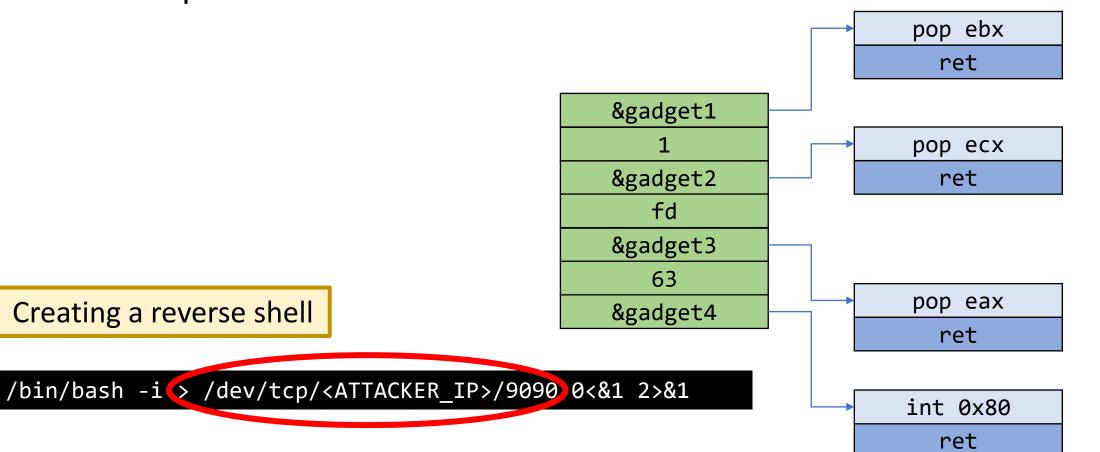
## **ROP Chain: Example**

- A Syscall: dup2 asmlinkage long sys\_dup2(unsigned int oldfd, unsigned int newfd);
- To duplicate the stdout



## **ROP Chain: Example**

- A Syscall: dup2 asmlinkage long sys\_dup2(unsigned int oldfd, unsigned int newfd);
- To duplicate the stdout



- Attacker uses a high-level language (e.g., DSL)
- The compiler generates ROP gadgets and data
- There exists a Turing-complete compiler

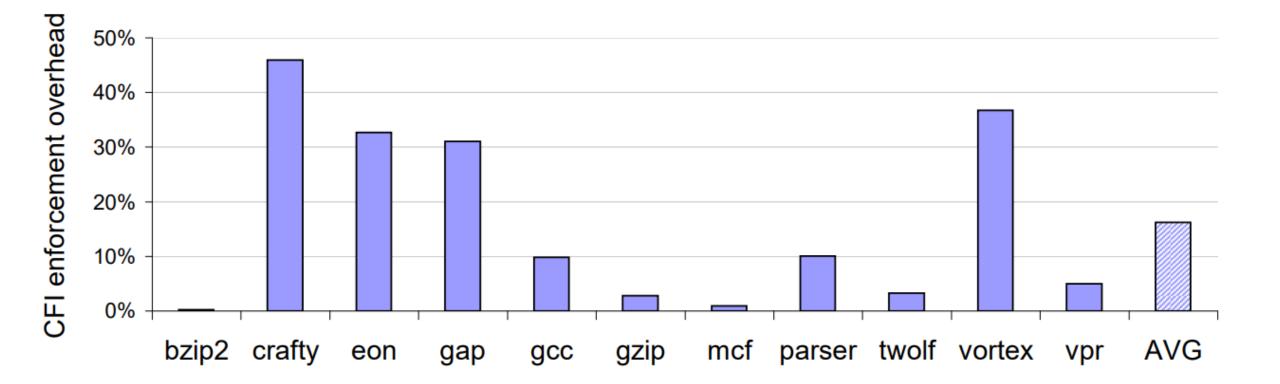
### Is ROP x86-specific?

- No
  - x86, x86\_64, Mips, Mips64, ARM, ARM64, SPARC, PowerPC, PowerPC64

# **ROP Defenses**

- Control Flow Integrity (CFI)
- At compile time  $\rightarrow$  Build a control-flow graph (CFG)
  - Reflects developer code
  - e.g. static locations for static instructions, disallow execution from other locations
- At run time  $\rightarrow$  Before calling a function, check if it follows CFG
  - By means of compiler instrumentation

#### **ROP Defenses**



Control-Flow Integrity Principles, Implementations, and Applications, Abadi et al.

Heap spray attacks

- Cause the program to repeatedly put your payload in memory
  - E.g. repeatedly attempt to register a new user with the username as payload
- Not an attack by itself: even though your payload is in memory, it is not yet executed
- Cause the program to de-allocate some of the memory to create "memory holes"
  - Force the vulnerable object and overflowable buffer to be put into memory into one of the holes

Forged virtual function tables:

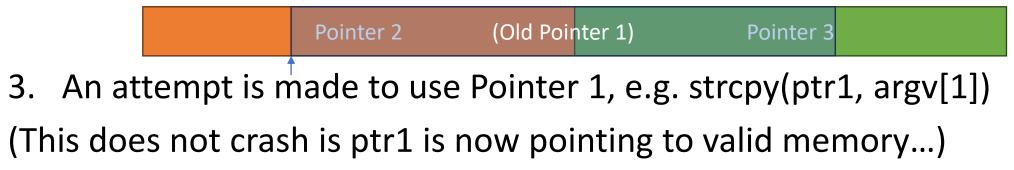
- Virtual tables are created at compile time to achieve late binding
  - Base class and each inherited class has its own virtual table
  - Within an object, the virtual pointer tells us what type of object it is by pointing to the correct virtual table
- If you **redirect** the virtual pointer to your own vtable, you can achieve a ROP chain
- How can you redirect the virtual pointer, or create your own vtable?

Use After Free:

1. Pointer 1 is allocated a memory space, then freed

Pointer 1

2. Since it is free, other points can be allocated the same memory space



Use After Free:

- Issue with *dynamic memory*
- Can lead to control flow takeover, remote code execution

Zhang et al. 2015:

- More than 50% known attacks against <u>Windows 7</u> are Use after Frees; 80% against <u>Chrome</u>
- Most exploits against UAF vulnerabilities are **vtable injection** attacks

Type confusion:

- Programmer wrote a function assuming the user-supplied input would be type A, but it can be type B
  - e.g. PHP POST parameters can be set by the user
  - e.g. check if user is admin: but the check assumes username is string...
- If these two types are classes, then vtable overlap may occur
  - This happens because the vfptr is cast successfully
  - i.e. calling class A's function 1 may actually call class B's function 1
- Especially severe in dynamic typing languages (Javascript, PHP)
  - E.g. Found in V8 Javascript engine (Chrome, etc.) in June 2023
  - Major Flash attack in 2015

• Speculative execution (Spectre, Meltdown)

- If line 2 can be executed *without* the line 1 check, we have a buffer overread
  - This is done in branch prediction (speculative execution)
- Speculative execution is necessary to make C appear fast...
  - Read "C is not a low level language", David Chisnall

• Speculative execution (Spectre, Meltdown)

- Attacker wants to know k = value at address 0x000000F0, knows array1 (size 20) is at 0x0000C0
- 2. Attacker sets x = 48, so array1[x] = k (out of bounds)
- CPU mistakenly predicts line 1 will pass, computes array1[x] = k in order to execute line 2
- 4. CPU brings array2[k\*4096] into the cache
- 5. Attacker guesses value of k by determining what was brought into the cache using cache timing attacks (e.g. Flush+Reload)

# Beyond stack overflow

- Many other related memory corruption issues...
  - Uninitialized Pointers
  - Double Free
  - Untrusted pointer dereference
  - etc.

