

The logo for Simon Fraser University, featuring the letters 'SFU' in white on a dark red square background.

SFU

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY  
ENGAGING THE WORLD

Cybersecurity Lab II

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# Lab 6

# Main Goals

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- **Build** various ROP chains
- **Explore** different ROP gadgets
- **Bypass** NX bit using ROP

# Task 1: Setting eax Value

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- Create a ROP chain to set eax value to 21
- You shouldn't use `inc eax`
- Think of different arithmetic operations!

# Task 2: Open a Shell

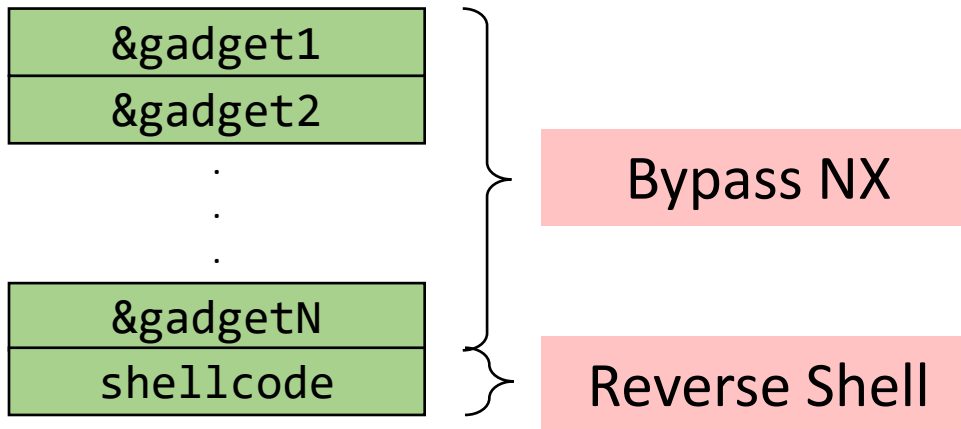
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- Using the `execve` system call
- Main Steps:
  - `ebx` = address of null-terminated **string**
  - `ecx` = `NULL`
  - `edx` = `NULL`
  - `eax` = `0x0b`
  - Invoke `int 0x80` or `call gs:[0x10]`
- Where can you insert the string?
  - Can you use the stack?

# Task 3: Open a Reverse Shell

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- Using ROP + Shellcode. Is this possible?

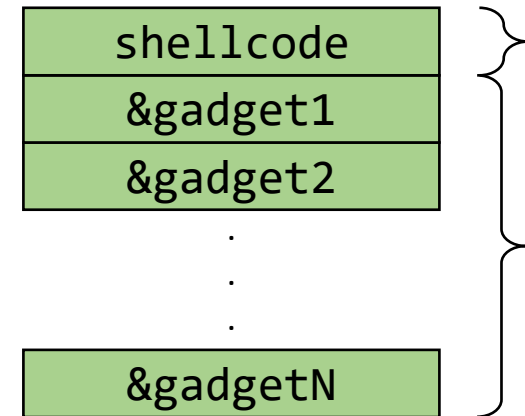
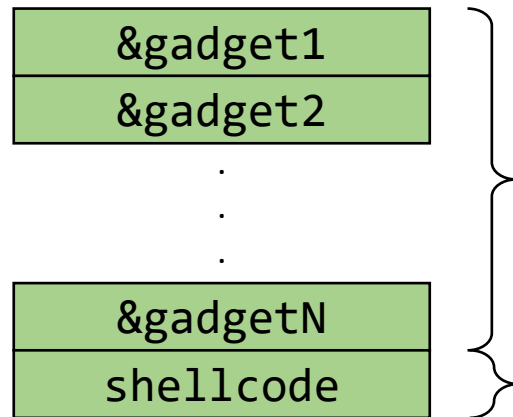


You may place the shellcode in any proper location in your payload.

# Task 3: Open a Reverse Shell

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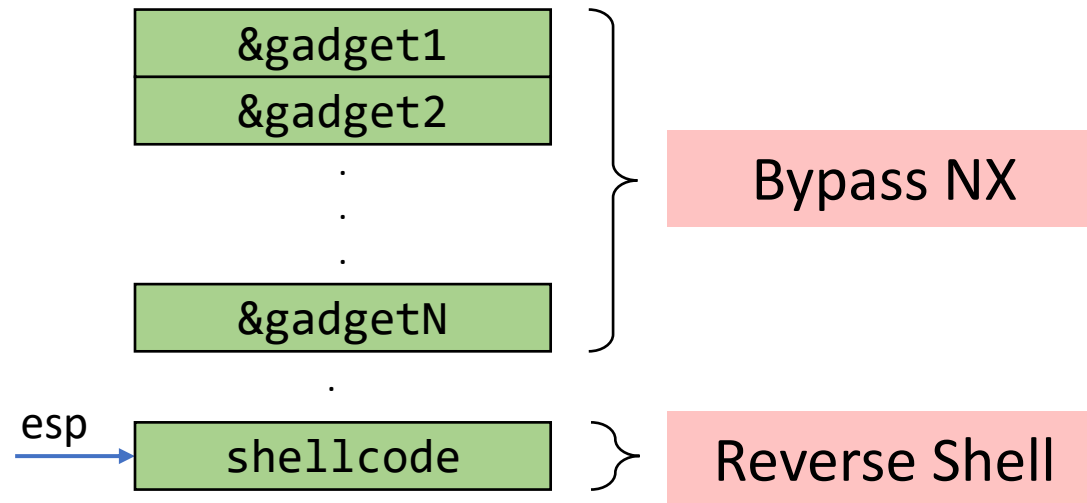
- Using ROP + Shellcode. Is this possible?



You may place the shellcode in any proper location in your payload.

# Task 3: Open a Reverse Shell

- If shellcode is placed **after** the ROP chain?
  - After ROP chain is done: esp would be pointing to shellcode
  - This cannot execute the shellcode

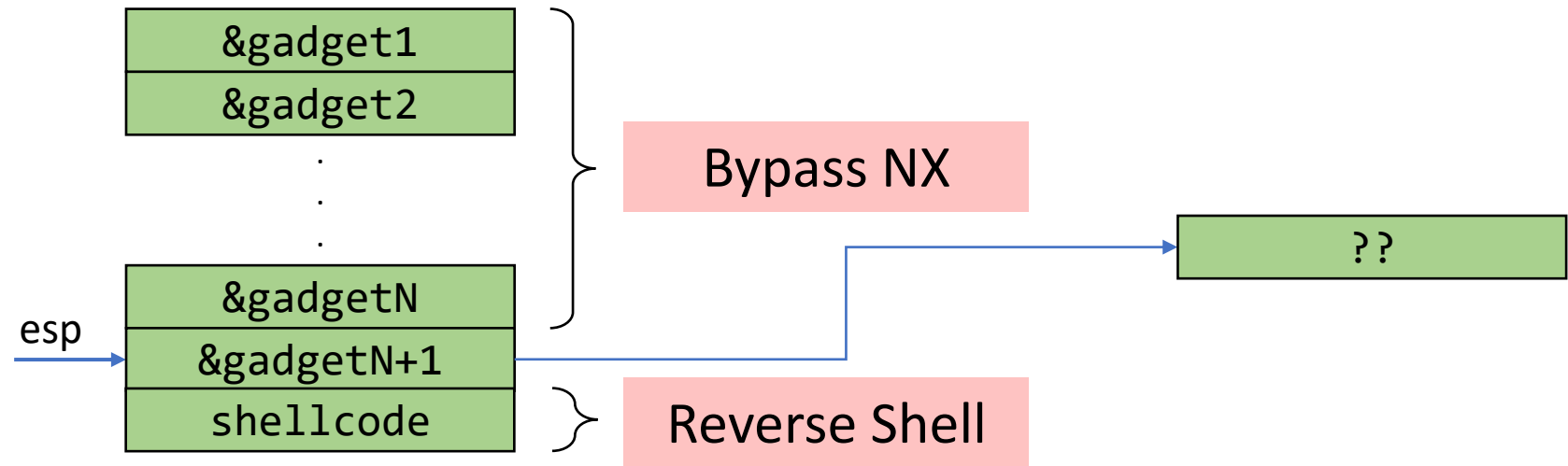


How should your shellcode start?

# Task 3: Open a Reverse Shell

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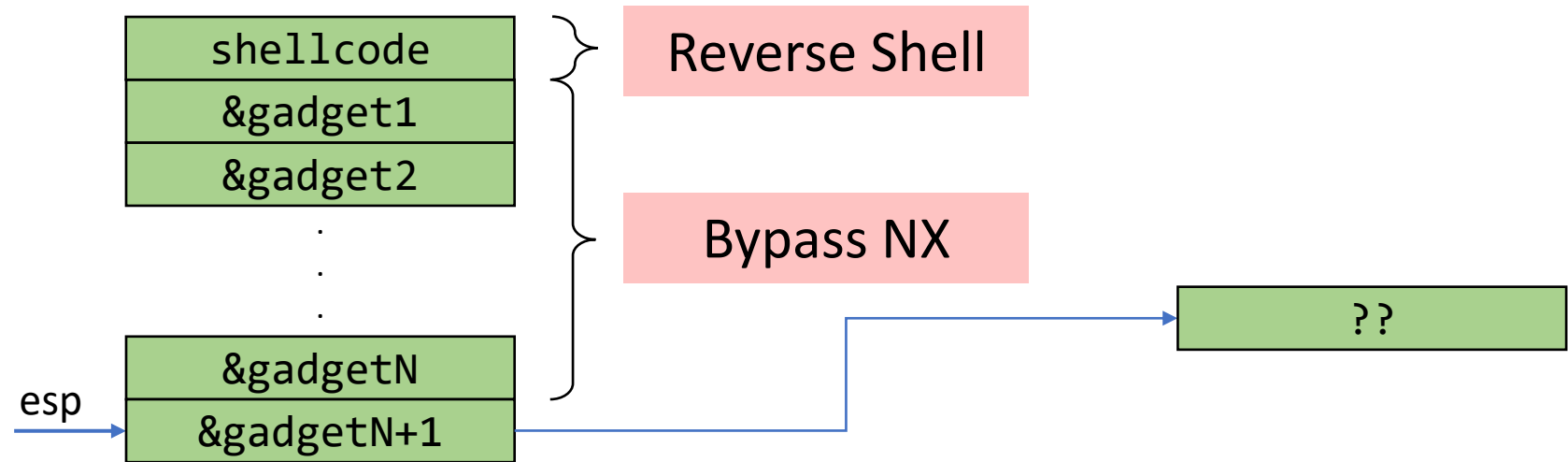
- If shellcode is placed **after** the ROP chain?
  - What gadget can control `eip`?



# Task 3: Open a Reverse Shell

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- If shellcode is placed **before** the ROP chain?



# Helpful Tools and Commands

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- `gdb > info files` # files linked to the binary and sections addresses
- ROPgadget
- ropper

# Questions?

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